Insolvency in Central Cooperative Banks

†2397. SHRI JAI PARKASH AGGARWAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is aware that a number of district level Central Cooperative Banks in the country have become insolvent;

(b) if so, the details of the said banks till date, State-wise;

(c) whether Government has conducted any inquiry into the embezzlement taken place in said banks; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL): (a) and (b) As on September 30, 2008, 118 District Central Co-operative Banks (DCCBs) in the country are not complying with the provisions of Section 11(1) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (As Applicable to Cooperative Societies), which stipulates that all co-operative banks are required to hold an aggregate paid-up capital and reserves, the real and exchangeable value of which should not be less than Rupees One lakh. The details are as follows:

Sl.No.	Name of the State	No. of DCCBs
1	2	3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	14
2.	Bihar	14
3.	Chhattisgarh	3
4.	Gujarat	5
5.	Haryana	0
6.	Himachal Pradesh	0
7.	Jammu and Kashmir	3
8.	Jharkhand	6
9.	Karnataka	3
10.	Kerala	1
11.	Madhya Pradesh	16
12.	Maharashtra	11
13.	Orissa	1
14.	Rajasthan	0

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

1	2	3
15.	Tamil Nadu	8
16.	Uttar Pradesh	29
17.	West Bengal	3
18.	Punjab	1
19.	Uttarakhand	0
	Total	118

(c) and (d) There is a system of periodic reporting by the banks, apart from monitoring and review at the levels of Regional Office, Head office and Board of Supervision of NABARD. Guidelines have been issued to the banks for taking measures for prevention of frauds. During Statutory Inspections, cases of frauds are also looked into. A Central Fraud Monitoring Cell (CFMC) has been constituted at National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), Head Office in Mumbai to monitor the cases of frauds above Rs. 10 Lakhs in Cooperative Banks and RRBs. Regional Offices of NABARD also monitor frauds on a quarterly basis.

Revision of overtime allowance rates

2398. SHRI DHARAM PAL SABHARWAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that overtime allowance rates for Central Government employees have not been revised since long;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor; and

(c) by when the rates are likely to be revised?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL): (a) to (c) The rate of overtime allowance to Central Government employees were fixed as per the order No. 15012/3/86-Estt (Allowances) dated 19.3.1991. Subsequently it was recommended by the Fifth Central Pay Commission to discontinue overtime allowance in the Central Government Offices. However as per the Order No. 21017/3/97-Estt. (Allowances) dated 21.11.1997 the Government decided to maintain the *status quo* with regard to payment of overtime allowance, subject to review of the matter to make the eligibility for overtime allowance more restrictive and commensurate with the interest of Government work. Accordingly, payment of overtime allowance is being done as per the existing order on the basis of notional pay admissible to the concerned Government employees in the pre-revised scales of pay/pay slabs as laid down in the existing orders.

Credit facilities for minorities

2399. SHRI SABIR ALI:
SHRI AMIR ALAM KHAN:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state: